Inner approximation of a capture set

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Inner approximation of a capture set

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Inner approximation of a capture set

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Capture set

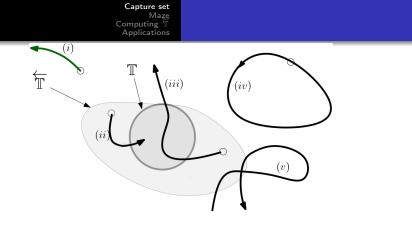
Inner approximation of a capture set

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Definition. Given the state equation $\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$. Let φ be the flow map.

The *capture* set of the *target* $\mathbb{T} \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ is:

$$\overleftarrow{\mathbb{T}} = \{ \mathsf{x}_0 \mid \exists t \geq 0, \varphi(t,\mathsf{x}_0) \in \mathbb{T} \}$$



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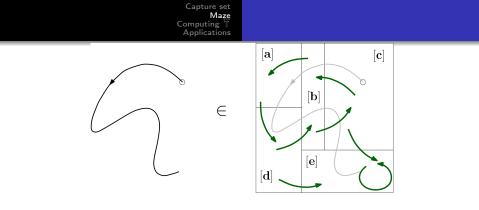
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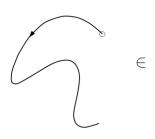
An *interval* is a *domain* which encloses a real number. A *polygon* is a *domain* which encloses a vector of \mathbb{R}^n . A *maze* is a *domain* which encloses a path.

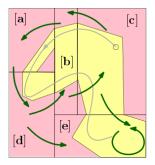


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Mazess can be made more accurate by adding polygones

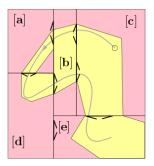




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Or using doors instead of a graph





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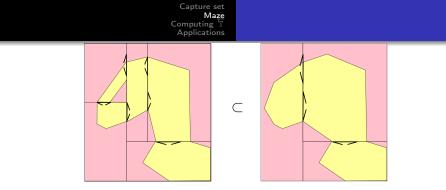
Here, a maze ${\mathscr L}$ is composed of

- A paving ${\mathscr P}$
- \bullet A polygon for each box of ${\mathscr P}$
- Doors between adjacent boxes



The set of mazes forms a lattice with respect to \subset . $\mathcal{L}_a \subset \mathcal{L}_b$ means :

- the boxes of \mathscr{L}_{a} are subboxes of the boxes of \mathscr{L}_{b} .
- The polygones of \mathscr{L}_a are included in those of \mathscr{L}_b
- The doors of \mathscr{L}_a are thinner than those of \mathscr{L}_b .



Note that yellow polygons are convex.

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Main idea: Compute an outer approximation of the complementary of $\overleftarrow{\mathbb{T}}$:

$$\overline{\overline{\mathbb{T}}} = \{\mathbf{x}_0 \mid \forall t \ge 0, \varphi(t, \mathbf{x}_0) \notin \mathbb{T}\}$$

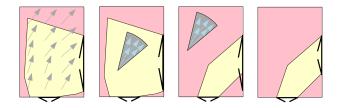
Thus, we search for a path that never reach $\mathbb{T}.$



Target contractor. If a box [x] of \mathscr{P} is included in \mathbb{T} then remove [x] and close all doors entering in [x].



Flow contractor. For each box [x] of $\mathscr{P},$ we contract the polygon using the constraint $\dot{x}=f(x).$



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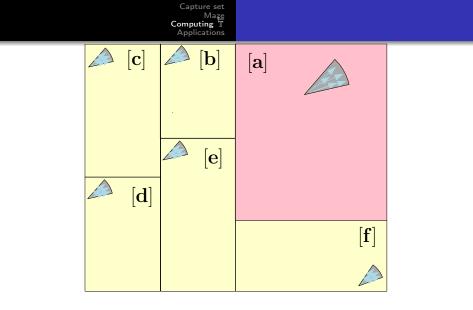
Inner propagation

Inner approximation of a capture set

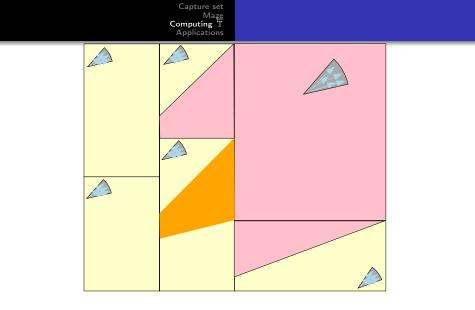
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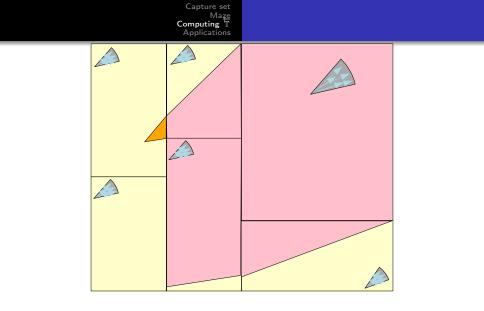


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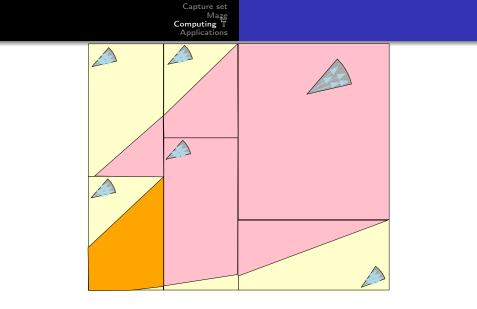
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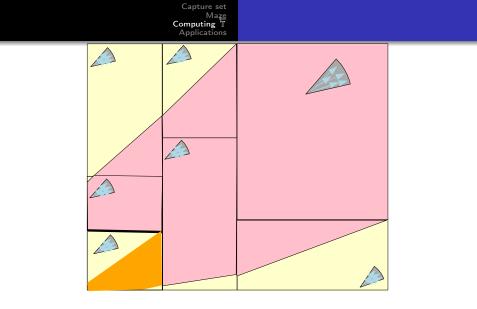


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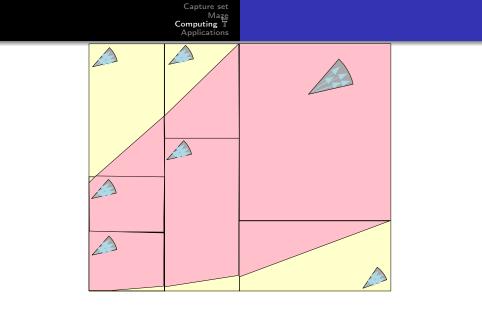
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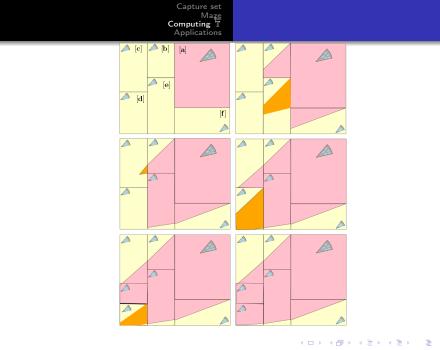
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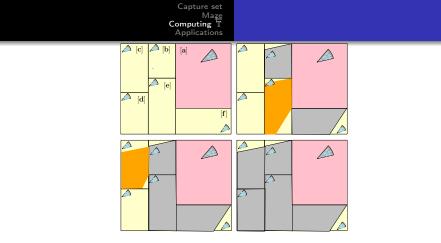
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Outer propagation

Inner approximation of a capture set

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An interpretation can be given only when the fixed point is reached.

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Car on the hill

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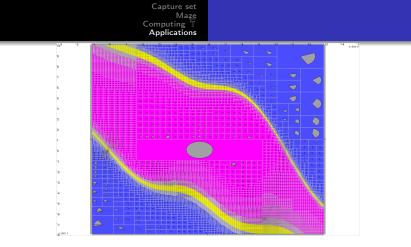
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$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = 9.81 \sin\left(\frac{11}{24} \cdot \sin x_1 + 0.6 \cdot \sin(1.1 \cdot x_1)\right) - 0.7 \cdot x_2 \end{cases}$$



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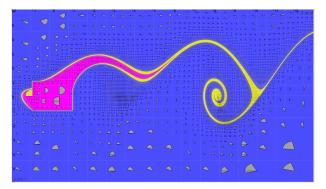
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 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Research box } \mathbb{X}_0 = [-1,13] \times [-10,10] \\ \text{Blue: } \mathbb{T}_{out} = \overline{\mathbb{X}_0}; \ \text{Red: } \mathbb{T}_{in} = [2,9] \times [-1,1] \end{array}$

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Combined with an outer propagation



Inner approximation of a capture set

Van der Pol system

Inner approximation of a capture set

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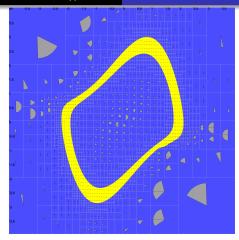
Consider the system

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= (1 - x_1^2) \cdot x_2 - x_1 \end{cases}$$

and the box $\mathbb{X}_0 = [-4,4] \times [-4,4].$

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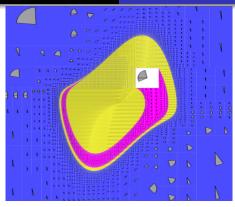
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 $f \rightarrow -f$; $\mathbb{T} = \overline{\mathbb{X}_0} \cup [-0.1, 0.1]^2.$

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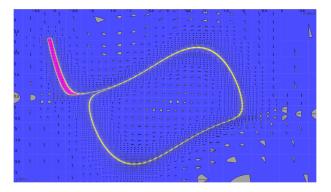


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ightarrow -\mathbf{f}$; $\mathbb{T}_{out} = \overline{\mathbb{X}_0}$; $\mathbb{T}_{in} = [0.5, 1]^2$.

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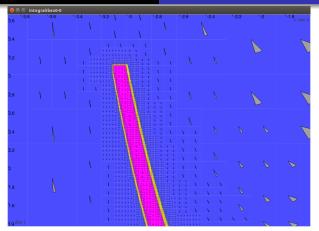
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Combined with an outer propagation



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Capture set Maze Computing T Applications



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