# Cooperative control, sailboats and underwater robots

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### 1 Reliable control

The robot satisfies a state equation

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u})$$
.

With the controller  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{x})$ , the robot satisfies an equation of the form

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$$
 .

With all uncertainties, the robot satisfies.

 $\mathbf{\dot{x}}\in F\left( \mathbf{x}\right)$ 

which is a differential inclusion.













### Vaimos (IFREMER and ENSTA)





$$heta^* = -rac{2.\gamma_\infty}{\pi}.$$
atan $\left(rac{e}{r}
ight)$ 



### Validation by simulation





#### Brest



Brest-Douarnenez. January 17, 2012, 8am













Montrer la mise à l'eau

#### Middle of Atlantic ocean



350 km made by Vaimos in 53h, September 6-9, 2012.

#### Consequence.

It is possible for a sailboat robot to navigate inside a corridor.

Essential, to create circulation rules when robot swarms are considered.

Essential to determine who has to pay in case of accident.

## 2 Reliable exploration with squads



With Thales



Spicerack, with CGG





